



WESLEY COLLEGE
By daring & by doing

YEAR 12 MATHEMATICS METHODS

SEMESTER ONE 2018

TEST 4: ANTIDIFFERENTIATION, APPLICATIONS OF CALCULUS AND
FUNDAMENTAL THEOREM OF CALCULUS

Thursday 24 May

Name: _____

Time: 45 minutes

Part A: $\frac{\quad}{27}$

Part B: $\frac{\quad}{16}$

Total: $\frac{\quad}{43}$

%

- Answer all questions neatly in the spaces provided. **Show all working.**
 - You are permitted to use the Formula Sheet for both sections, and an A4 page of notes, plus up to 3 permitted calculators in the Calculator Allowed section.
-

Calculator Free

1. [6 marks]

Determine the anti-derivative of

a) $(4 - 3x)^2$

[2]

b) $5x^4 - \frac{9}{\sqrt{x}}$

[2]

c) $\frac{10x}{x^2+5}$

[2]

2. [4 marks]

Determine the following, simplifying your answers:

a) $\int \frac{1-x^3}{x^2} dx$

b) $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_x^7 \frac{2t}{t^2-5} dt \right)$

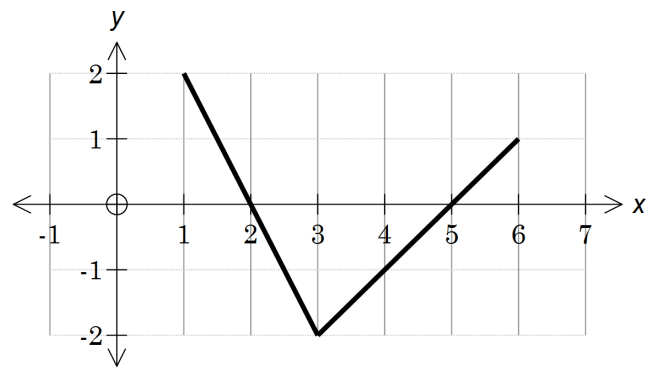
[2]

[2]

3. [3 marks]

Let the graph of $f(x)$ between $x = 1$ and $x = 6$ be as shown.

Evaluate $\int_1^6 f(x) dx$.



[3]

4. [7 marks]

A particle P moves in a straight horizontal line such that its acceleration at time t seconds is given by $a = k(2t - 5)$, where k is a positive constant.

Given that at time $t = 0$, P is at rest at the origin and that at time $t = 6$, its velocity is 1.5 ms^{-1} ,

a) find the acceleration of P in terms of t .

[4]

b) show that the displacement of the particle, x metres, from O at time t is given by

$$x = \frac{1}{24}t^2(2t - 15)$$

[3]

5. [4 marks]

Use $\int_{-2}^4 f(x) dx = 8$ and $\int_{-2}^1 f(x) dx = 1$ to evaluate the following:

a) $\int_{-2}^4 -5f(x) dx$

[1]

b) $\int_1^4 f(x) dx$

[1]

c) $\int_{-2}^4 [f(x) - 2x] dx$

[2]

6. [3 marks]

The rate of flow of a liquid into a container is given by $\frac{dV}{dt} = e^{0.5t}$, where V is the volume in cubic centimetres and t is the time in seconds.

Find the volume of liquid in the container after 3 seconds if the container initially holds 10 cm^3 .

[3]



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(16 marks)

Resourced

7. [5 marks]

a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = x \cdot \sin x$

[2]

b) Use your answer to part (a) to find $\int (x \cdot \cos x) dx$

[3]

8. [6 marks]

The velocity of a body moving along a straight line is given by $v = -3t^2 - 2t + 5$ m/s where t is the time in seconds. The initial displacement of the body from a fixed point O is 3 metres.

a) Find the displacement of the body when $t = 5$.

[2]

b) Find the instantaneous speed at $t = 5$ seconds

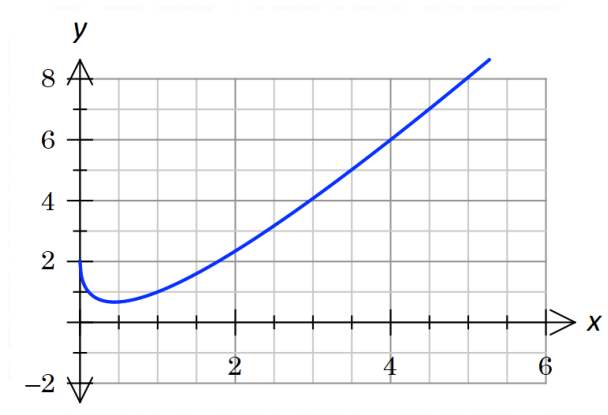
[1]

c) What is the average speed of the body over the first 5 seconds?

[3]

9. [5 marks]

A sketch of the curve C with equation $y = 3x - 4\sqrt{x} + 2$ has been given below.



- a) Using the tanLine command, or otherwise, determine the equation of the tangent, which has x -coordinate 4.
Draw the tangent on the sketch.

[2]

- b) Write down the integral(s) that will determine the area of the region captured by C , the tangent to C at A and the positive coordinate axes and state the area.

[3]